

## Mostoslavsky's Lab Protocols

### *Nucleosome immunoprecipitation*

#### *Materials*

1. Lysis buffer: 10 mM HEPES pH 7.4, 10 mM KCl, 0.05% NP-40, 0.5 mM DTT and 1 mM PMSF. For 50 ml, mix 500 ml of 1 M HEPES pH 7.4, 500 ml of 1 M KCl, 25 ml of NP-40, 25  $\mu$ l of 1M DTT and 100  $\mu$ l of 0.5 M PMSF (See Note 1 and 2). Make up to 50 ml with water and store at 4°C.
2. Wash buffer: 20 mM HEPES pH 7.4, 20 mM KCl, 0.5 mM EDTA, 0.5 mM DTT and 0.5 mM PMSF. For 50 ml, mix 1 ml of 1M HEPES pH 7.4, 1 ml of KCl, 50  $\mu$ l of 0.5 M EDTA, 25  $\mu$ l of 1M DTT and 50  $\mu$ l of 0.5 M PMSF (See Note 3). Make up to 50 ml with water and store at 4°C.
3. Buffer A: 20 mM HEPES pH 7.4, 20 mM KCl, 0.4 mM EDTA, 0.4 mM DTT. For 50 ml, mix 1 ml of 1M HEPES pH 7.4, 1 ml of KCl, 40  $\mu$ l of 0.5 M EDTA and 20  $\mu$ l of 1M DTT.
4. 5 M NaCl. For 50 ml, dissolve 14.62 g of NaCl in 50 ml of water.
5. 2 M CaCl<sub>2</sub>. For 50 ml, dissolve 11.1 g of CaCl<sub>2</sub> in 50 ml of water.
6. Micrococcal nuclease (Roche, cat # 10107921001)
7. 0.5 M EGTA. For 50 ml, dissolve 9.5 g of EGTA in 50 ml of water.
8. 10% NP-40. For 50 ml, dilute 5 ml of NP-40 in 50 ml of water.
9. Agarose beads
10. Laemmli buffer: 200 mM Tris-Cl pH 6.8, 8% SDS, 40% Glycerol, 4%  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol, and 0.08% bromphenol blue. For 20 ml, add 4 ml of 1M Tris-Cl, 8 ml 20% SDS, 8 ml Glycerol, 0.8 ml  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol and 16 mg of bromphenol blue.

#### *Methods*

This protocol is adapted with modifications from Don W. Cleveland's laboratory.

1. Collect cells (15-30 x 10<sup>6</sup> per IP) and wash them with 1 ml of 1X PBS.
2. Resuspend cell pellet in 5 volumes of lysis buffer.
3. Incubate 20 min on ice.
4. Pellet nuclei at 300xg at 4°C, 10 min.
5. Wash the nuclei once in 1 ml of wash buffer and centrifuge at 1000xg at 4°C, 5 min.

6. Wash the nuclei once in 1 ml of wash buffer containing 300 mM NaCl and centrifuge at 1000xg at 4°C, 5 min.
7. Resuspend nuclei in 1 ml of wash buffer containing 300 mM NaCl and 3 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>. Digest chromatin for 1h at room temperature using 140 units/ml of micrococcal nuclease (see Note 10).
8. Stop reaction by adding 10 µl of 0.5 M EGTA (5 mM final) and 5 µl of 10 % NP-40 (0.05 % final) and centrifuge at 10,000xg for 15 min at 4°C. Keep the supernatant, which contains the soluble chromatin (mainly mononucleosomes) (see Note 4).
9. Incubate chromatin extract with the antibody overnight at 4°C in an orbital rotator.
10. Add 40 µl of agarose beads (50 % slurry) and incubate 4h at 4°C in an orbital rotator.
11. Pellet the beads at 3000xg for 2 min at 4°C.
12. Wash the beads sequentially with 1 ml of buffer A, 1 ml of buffer A with 300 mM KCl and 1 ml of buffer A with 300 mM KCl, 1 mM DTT and 0.1 % Tween-20. Centrifuge at 3000xg for 2 min between washes to pellet the beads.
13. Elute the immunocomplexes by boiling the beads with 50 µl of Laemmli buffer for 10 min.

## Notes

1. To prepare 1 liter of 1M HEPES pH 7.4, dissolve 238.3 g of HEPES in 800 ml of water, adjust pH at 7.4 and make up to 1 liter with water. To prepare 1 liter of 1M KCl, dissolve 74.55 g of KCl and make up to 1 liter with water.
2. To prepare 1 liter of 1M HEPES pH 7.4, dissolve 238.3 g of HEPES in 800 ml of water, adjust pH at 7.4 and make up to 1 liter with water. To prepare 1 liter of 1M KCl, dissolve 74.55 g of KCl and make up to 1 liter with water.
3. To prepare 1M solution of DTT, weigh and dissolve in 10 ml of water 1.54 g of DTT. Make aliquots of 0.5 ml and store at -20°C. To prepare 10 ml of 0.5 M PMSF, dissolve 0.87 g of PMSF in methanol and make up to 10ml. Make aliquots of 0.5 ml and store at -20°C. To prepare 1 liter of 0.5M EDTA, dissolve 146.12 g of EDTA and make up to 1 liter with water.
4. To confirm that most of the DNA is the mononucleosomal fraction, take an aliquot and purify the DNA as follows: add 1 volume of phenol/chloroform, mix well and centrifuge at 14,000 rpm for 3 min. Take aqueous phase (upper phase) and precipitate DNA with 1 volume of isopropanol. Centrifuge at 14,000 rpm for 5 min and discard the supernatant. Wash the pellet with 70% ethanol, centrifuge at 14,000 rpm for 3 min and air-dry the pellet. Resuspend DNA in water and run the samples in a 1.2 % agarose gel. The DNA present in mononucleosomes is about 147 bp in size.

## References

1. Foltz, D.R., Jansen, L.E., Black, B.E., Bailey, A.O., Yates, J.R., 3rd, and Cleveland, D.W. (2006). The human CENP-A centromeric nucleosome-associated complex. *Nat Cell Biol* 8, 458-469.